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## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

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1. (Currently Amended) A method, comprising:

examining information about branch instructions that reach a write-back stage of processing within a processor;

defining a plurality of streams based on the examining, wherein each stream comprises a sequence of basic blocks in which only a last block in the sequence ends in a branch instruction, the execution of which causes program flow to branch, the remaining basic blocks in the stream each ending in a branch instruction, the execution of which does not cause program flow to branch;

switching to a stream mode if a branch-to-mesocode transition is detected in one of the plurality of streams; and

switching to a normal mode if a mesocode-to-branch transition is detected.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising storing identifying information for each defined stream.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the identifying information comprises a start instruction pointer and an end instruction pointer for each stream.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising collecting dependent information for each stream, the dependent information identifying a dependent stream, being a child stream that is executed after the stream during an instance of program execution, and the dependent information also indicating a probability of the dependent stream being executed after the stream.

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5. (Original) The method of claim 4, further comprising predicting a target stream or block that is likely to be executed based on a current instruction pointer.

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- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising storing at least some of the basic blocks within a stream in contiguous memory locations.
- 7. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising converting at least some of the instructions in a stream into ISA-implementation specific instructions, and storing the ISA-implementation specific instructions in memory locations contiguous to the basic blocks.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising switching the processor between a-the stream mode in which instructions from a stream are prefetched based on a prediction and a the normal mode in which instructions within a basic block are fetched based on the prediction.
- 9. (Currently Amended) A processor, comprising:

a mechanism to examine information about branch instructions that reach a write-back stage of processing within the processor; and

a mechanism to define a plurality of streams based on the examining, wherein each stream comprises a sequence of basic blocks in which only a last block in the sequence ends in a branch instruction, the execution of which causes program flow to branch, the remaining basic blocks in the stream each ending in a branch instruction, the execution of which does not cause program flow to branch;

a mechanism to switch to a stream mode if a branch-to-mesocode transition is detected in

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## one of the plurality of streams; and

a mechanism to switch to a normal mode if a mesocode-to-branch transition is detected.

- 10. (Original) The method of claim 9, further comprising a mechanism to store identifying information for each defined stream.
- 11. (Original) The processor of claim 10, wherein the identifying information comprises a start instruction pointer and an end instruction pointer for each stream.
- 12. (Original) The processor of claim 9, wherein the mechanism to define the plurality of streams further collects dependent information for each stream, the dependent information identifying a dependent stream being a child stream that is executed after the stream during an instance of program execution, the dependent information also indicating a probability of the dependent stream being executed after the stream.
- 13. (Original) The processor of claim 12, wherein the mechanism to define the plurality of streams further comprises a prediction mechanism to predict a target stream or block that is likely to be executed based on a current instruction pointer.
- 14. (Original) The processor of claim 9, further comprising storing at least some of the basic blocks within a stream in contiguous memory locations.
- 15. (Previously Presented) The processor of claim 9, further comprising converting at least some of the instructions in a stream into ISA-implementation specific instructions, and storing

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the ISA-implementation specific instructions in memory locations contiguous to the basic blocks.

- 16. (Currently Amended) The processor of claim 9, further comprising a mechanism to switch the processor between a-the stream mode in which instructions from a stream are prefetched based on a prediction and a-the normal mode in which instructions within a basic block are fetched based on the prediction.
- 17. (Currently Amended) A system, comprising:

a processor comprising a mechanism to examine information about branch instructions that reach a write-back stage of processing within the processor, and a mechanism to define a plurality of streams based on the examining, wherein each stream comprises a sequence of basic blocks in which only a last block in the sequences ends in a branch instruction, the execution of which causes program flow to branch, the remaining basic blocks in a stream each ending in a branch instruction, the execution of which does not cause program flow to branch, a mechanism to switch to a stream mode if a branch-to-mesocode transition is detected in one of the plurality of streams, and a mechanism to switch to a normal mode if a mesocode-to-branch transition is detected; and

a memory coupled to the processor.

- 18. (Original) The system of claim 17, wherein the processor further comprises a mechanism to store identifying information for each defined stream.
- 19. (Original) The system of claim 18, wherein the identifying information comprises a start

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instruction pointer and an end instruction pointer for each stream.

- 20. (Currently Amended) A processor, comprising:
  - a fetch/prefetch unit;
- a branch prediction unit to supply a branch target address of a predicted branch based on a current instruction pointer to the fetch/prefetch unit; and
- a stream prediction unit to supply a stream target address of a predicted stream based on a current instruction pointer to the fetch/prefetch unit, wherein the predicted stream comprises a sequence of basic blocks in which only a last block in the sequence ends in a branch instruction, the execution of which causes program flow to branch, the remaining basic blocks in the stream each ending in a branch instruction, the execution of which does not cause program flow to branch;

a mechanism to switch to a stream mode if a branch-to-mesocode transition is detected in one of the plurality of streams; and

a mechanism to switch to a normal mode if a mesocode-to-branch transition is detected.

- 21. (Original) The processor of claim 20, wherein the stream prediction unit further comprises a mechanism to define a plurality of streams based on an examination of information about branch instructions that reach a write-back stage of processing within the processor.
- 22. (Original) The processor of claim 21, wherein the stream prediction unit further comprises a mechanism to store identifying information for each defined stream.
- **23**. (Original) The processor of claim 22, wherein the identifying information comprises a

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- 24. (Original) The processor of claim 20, wherein the stream prediction unit comprises a mechanism that collects dependent information for each stream, the dependent information identifying a dependent stream being a child stream that is executed after the stream during an instance of program execution, the dependent information also indicating a probability of the dependent stream being executed after the stream.
- 25. (Original) The processor of claim 20, further comprising a mechanism to store at least some of the basic blocks within a stream in contiguous memory locations.
- 26. (Previously Presented) The processor of claim 20, further comprising a mechanism to convert at least some of the instructions in a stream into ISA-implementation specific instructions, and to store the ISA-implementation specific instructions in contiguous memory locations contiguous to the basic blocks.

## 27. (Currently Amended) A system, comprising:

a processor comprising a fetch/prefetch unit, a branch prediction unit to supply a branch target address of a predicted branch based on a current instruction pointer to the fetch/prefetch unit, and a stream prediction unit to supply a stream target address of a predicted stream based on a current instruction pointer to the fetch/prefetch unit, wherein the predicted stream comprises a sequence of basic blocks in which only a last block in the sequence ends in a branch instruction, the execution of which causes program flow to branch, the remaining basic blocks in the stream each ending in a branch instruction, the execution of which does not cause program flow to

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branch, a mechanism to switch to a stream mode if a branch-to-mesocode transition is detected in one of the plurality of streams, and a mechanism to switch to a normal mode if a mesocode-to-branch transition is detected; and

a memory coupled to the processor.

- 28. (Original) The system of claim 27, wherein the stream prediction unit further comprises a mechanism to define a plurality of streams based on an examination of information about branch instructions that reach a write-back stage of processing within the processor.
- 29. (Original) The system of claim 28, wherein the stream prediction unit further comprises a mechanism to store identifying information for each defined stream.
- 30. (Original) The system of claim 29, wherein the identifying information comprises a start instruction pointer and an end instruction pointer for each stream.

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